Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/815,108	TULI ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
JUNE HWU	1661	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>05 March 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appfor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 (periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origi than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w AMENDMENTS 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,	but prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered be	Called
(a) They raise new issues that would require further co			cause
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo		, ,	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bei		ducing or simplifying th	ne issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).			
 The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s) 		mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).		timely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro- The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		l be entered and an ex	xplanation of
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1,3-10,12-19,21-23 and 25-32</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good anwas not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fails	s to provide a
10.	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ed.
 The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). 13. ☐ Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Anne R. Kubelik/ Primary Examiner, Art U	Init 1638	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

103(a) over Mishra et al in view of Dasgupta et al:

Applicants argue that Mishra et al in view of Dasgupta et al do not support the use of an inositol free medium for 8-12 days before the globular stage resulting in synchronized growth. This is not found persuasive because Mishra et al taught a method of regenerating cotton throught embryogenesis and Dasgupta et al was combined to show that it is not necessary to add inositol in the culture medium and it would have been obvious to adjust the deprevation of inositol for best results. With regard to the synchronized development of the embryos, is irrelevant because the end result is a plantlet and that is what Mishra et al and Dasgupta et al both taught.

Applicants argue that Mishra et al do not teach withholding of myo-inositol in embryogenesis media for starvation and then releasing myo-inositol for synchronized growth of embryos. This is not found persuasive because as stated above Mishra et al was combined with Dasgupta et al, wherein Mishra et al taught the regeneration of cotton embryos and Dasgupta et al taught the omission of inositol and then use of myo-inositol for regeneration. One cannot show nonobviousness by attacking the references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references.

Applicants argue that Mishra et al report the development of embryos that were asynchronous but provides no solution to make them synchronous. This is not found persuasive because the claims do not cite the limitation that the embryos are synchronized developmentally.

Applicants argue that Dasgupta et al relate to genetic engineering method for stress tolerant plants and uses different media. This is not found persuasive because Dasgupta et al was combined with Mishra et al to show that calli could be cultured without myo-inositol and then myo-inositol is added for regeneration (see Table 3).

Applicants argue that Dasgupta et al used myo-inositol for regenerating plants from embryos and not for synchronized growth after starvation. This is not found persuasive because as stated above Dasgupta et al was combined with Mishra et al to show that inositol could be withheld and then added back to the medium for further development.

Applicants argue that Dasgupta et al do not teach the starvation of embryogenic tissues for inositol before globular stage for 8-12 days and then adding inositol for synchronized growth and further development. This is not found persuasive because the claims do not have the limitation that the starvation of embryogenic tissues are before the globular stage.

Applicants argue that the explant used by Dasgupta et al is immature embryos or immature seeds and not hypocotyl, mesocotyl or cotyledon pieces as cited in claim 1 and that the calli were left to grow for 2-3 months and then transferred to regeneration medium with myo-inositol. This is not found persuasive because Mishra et al taught the use of hypocotyl explant and Mishra et al was combined with Dasgupta et al to show inositol deprivation and that it would have been obvious to adjust the length of inositol deprivation to produce plantlet.

Applicants argue that Dasgupta et al used inositol only in the regeneration media unlike the present invention, wherein inositol is used in all media except for 8-12 days in embryogenic induction medium. This is not found persuasive because as stated above Dasgupta et al was combined with Mishra et al and it would have been obvious to try to deprive the callus tissue of inositol for 8-12 days or any length of time to achieve the claimed results.

Applicants argue that the Dasgupta et al media used for calli development into plants had inositol. This is not found persuasive because Mishra et al taught the all of their media contained inositol and Mishra et al was combined with Dasgupta et al to show that the media could be deprived of inositol.

Applicants argue that Dasgupta et al are silent that no inositol is necessary until the calli reached 10 mm in size. This is not found persuasive because paragragh [0125] stated that when the calli attained 10 mm then these calli were transferred to a regeneration medium containing inositol.

Applicants argue that the instant claims do cite increased embryogenesis when deprived of inositol and support can be found in the specification, Example 6 and Table 1. This is not found persuasive because there is no limitation in the instant claims for increased embryogenesis.

Applicants argue that the combination of Mishra et al and Dasgupta et al do not teach regeneration of cotton plants by short term inositol deprivation to attain synchronous embryos. This is not found persuasive because as stated above Mishra et al taught a method of regeneration of cotton and was combined with Dasgupta et al who taught that inositol is not necessary and that it would have been obvious to adjust the length of time for inositol deprivation to achieve plantlet.

There were no arguments present in the amendment filed on March 5, 2008 with regard to the rejection under 103(a) over Mishra et al in view of Dasgupta et al and further in view of Gupta et al.